6Family Reach

Division of Hematology/Oncology, University of California San Francisco (1)Family Reach, Boston, MA (2)

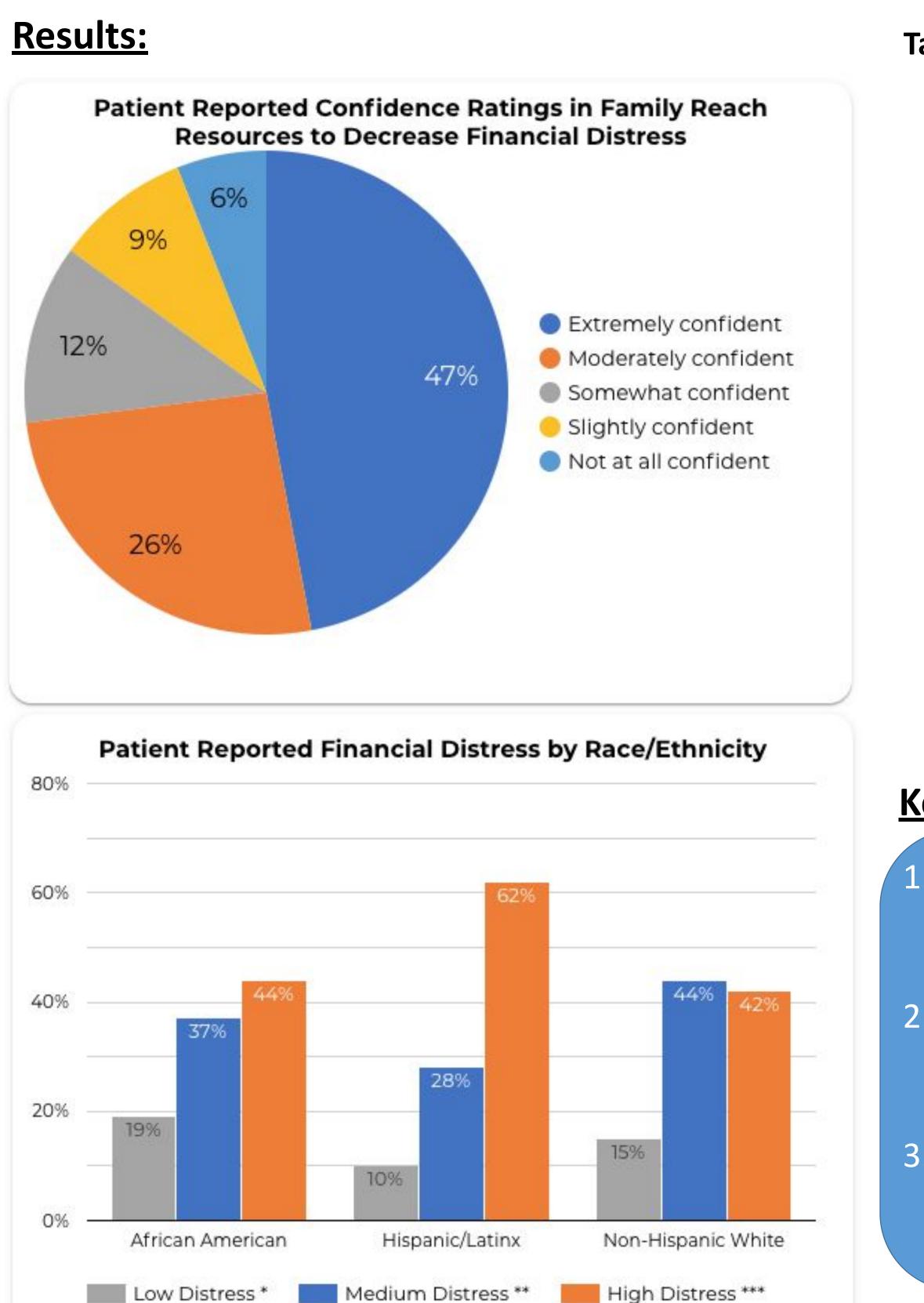
Background:

- Financial toxicity is characterized by the financial burden that patients face and is a rapidly growing challenge in cancer care
- Patients and providers are seldom aware of available resources to help mitigate this growing problem.
- To comprehensively evaluate financial toxicity, this study leveraged a national, multi-ethnic sample of patients who receive financial support services from a non-profit entity (Family Reach) including:
 - Comprehensive Financial Assistance,
 - Resource Navigation,
 - Financial Planning, and
 - A Financial Guidebook with relevant resources

Methods:

- Patients were eligible for this study if they received at least one financial support resource from Family Reach between 1/1/2020-6/30/2020.
- An 11-item survey was sent electronically to all eligible participants who were given a one-month time frame to complete.
- A multivariate model was employed to identify sociodemographic predictors of high financial distress.

Predictors of high financial distress in a national, multi-ethnic sample of patients with cancer Authors: Meera Ragavan MD MPH¹, Andrea Incudine MPH², Rosie Cunningham², Thomas Stivers MS², Hala Borno MD¹



Patient Reported Distress levels: * 0-3 (low distress), ** 4-6 (medium distress), *** 7-10 (high distress)

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Table 1: Demographics of Survey Respondents (N=330)

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Age	Mean 22 (Median 15, Stdev 17.3)	
Gender	Male 155 (47%)	
	Female 172 (52%)	
	NS 3 (1%)	
Race/Ethnicity	Non-Hispanic White 151 (46%) Hispanic/Latinx 67 (20%) African American 62 (19%)	
	Asian/PI 9 (3%)	
	Native American 3 (1%)	
	Unknown 4 (1%)	
	Other 15 (4.5%)	
	Not Specified 19 (6%)	
Household Size	Mean 3.89, (Median 4, Stdev 1.76)	
Annual Household	\$0-10,000	45 (14%)
Income	\$10,000-\$19.9K	38 (11.5%)
	\$20K-\$29.9K	39 (12%)
	\$30K-\$39.9K	36 (11%)
	\$40K-\$49.9K	28 (8.5%)
	>\$50K	67 (20%)
	Not Specified	77 (23%)

Key Takeaways:

Patient reported financial distress was high, particularly for patients identifying as Hispanic/Latinx The majority of respondents were confident that financial resources provided could mitigate financial stress Referrals to organizations providing such resources could help reduce disparities in financial distress

*For additional information please contact limbact@FamilyReach.org